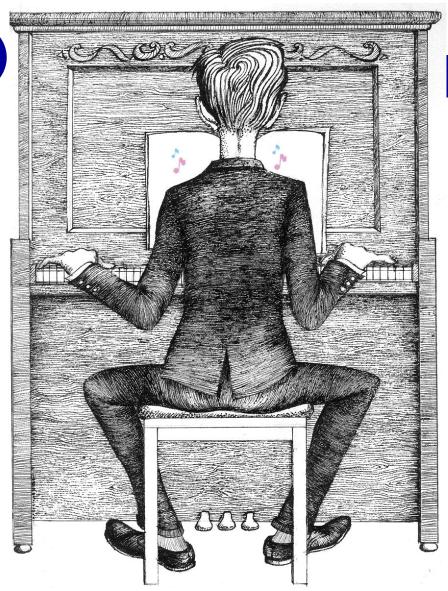
Learn to Play





Week Two

And you don't need to know anything about music!!

You Can Learn Over

130 Hymns and Children Songbook Songs

plus

Free Internet Video Instructions

by David John Potter & Reid Nibley Fun! Easy! Fast!



Six Hymns in Six Days



WEEK TWO

DAY 1

DAY 2

How to play the Black Notes

Hymn: "Come, Listen to a Prophet's Voice"

Playing Chords in "ROOT POSITION" "G" Chord and "F" Chord

Fun Exercises

Hymn: "Silent Night"

Hymn: "Lord, Dismiss Us with Thy Blessing"

DAY 3

"Key of C" and "Key of G" Chords for "Key of G" "Key of G" – Fun Exercises

Root Positions

Hymn: "How Great the Wisdom and the Love"

Hymn: "How Gentle God's Command"

DAY 4

Fingering Patterns Muscle Memory The Melody

Hymn: "The Spirit of God"

Hymn: "We Love thy House, O God"

DAY 5

"Wacky World of Chords"

D minor Chord

A minor Chord

Hymn: "Abide with Me" Hymn: "Praise to the Man"

DAY 6

New Rhythm: TRIPLETS

Naturals

Naturals

Hymn: "More Holiness Give Me" Hymn: "Come, Come Ye Saints

Day 7

Variations for the **Left Hand**How to Play Prelude and Postlude music
How to Accompany Soloists
How to Become More Creative
Final Thoughts

It's Fun! Easy! Fast!

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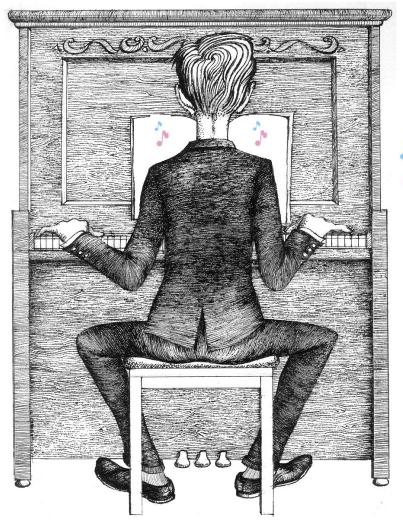
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David John Potter (davidjohnpotter@hotmail.com)



LEARN TO PLAY





Day One

Playing Chords in "Root Positions"

G Chord and F Chord

Fun Exercises

Hymns:

"Silent Night"
"Lord, Dismiss Us With Thy Blessing"

Here's what you will learn today!







Playing the Chords in

"Root Position"

Last week you learned the C, F, and G chords.

The chords were placed so that it would be very easy to go from one chord to another.

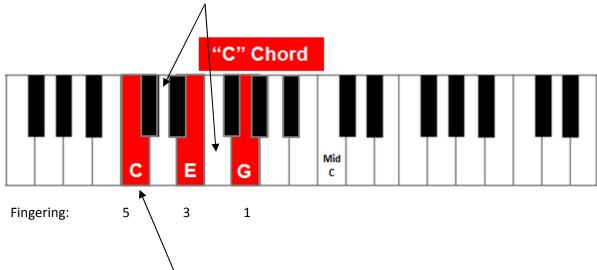
The keys of chords can be played in any order.

For example .. the C chord could be played in one of three ways:

When you play a chord and the **bottom key** has the same name as the name of the chord then it is called playing the chord in the **Root Position**.

You have already learned how to play the C Chord in the root position.

You can see that there is a **white note** between each note.



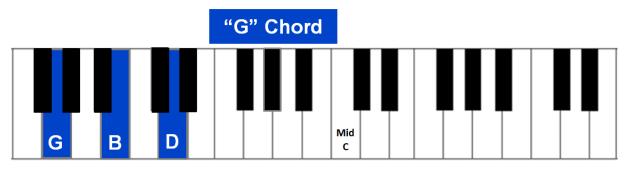
This is called the "**Root Position** "because the C is the **bottom note**.



We will now do the same thing now for the
 and
 chords.

We want to play them in their "Root Positions".

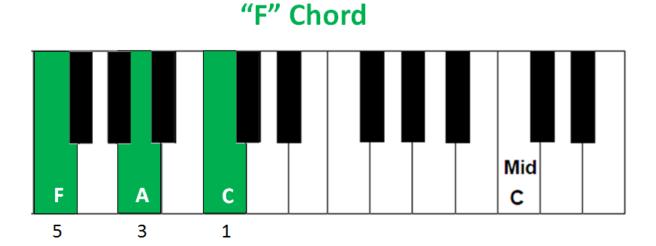
To play the **G** chord, just place you little finger on **G**, your middle finger on **B**, and your thumb on **D**.



Fingering: 5 3 1

Practice playing the C chord and then the G chord. Go back and forth several times until you fill comfortable doing it. Try to keep your hand position exactly the same ... just lift you hand up enough to move to the next chord.

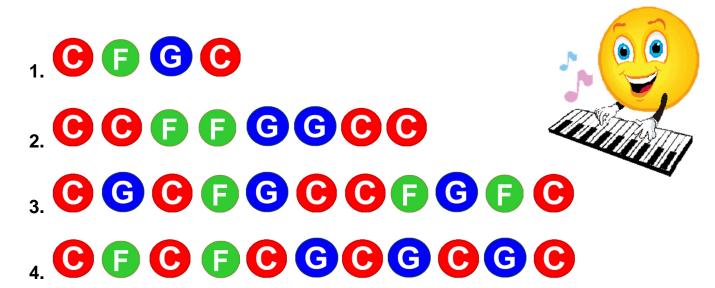
To play the **F** Chord, place your little finger on **F**, your middle finger on **A**, and your thumb on **C**.





FUN Exercises





Practice these <u>ten thousand</u> times <u>ten thousand times</u> © O.K. Maybe just a dozen times!!

Play them FAST ... SLOW LOUD SOFT

HYMNS

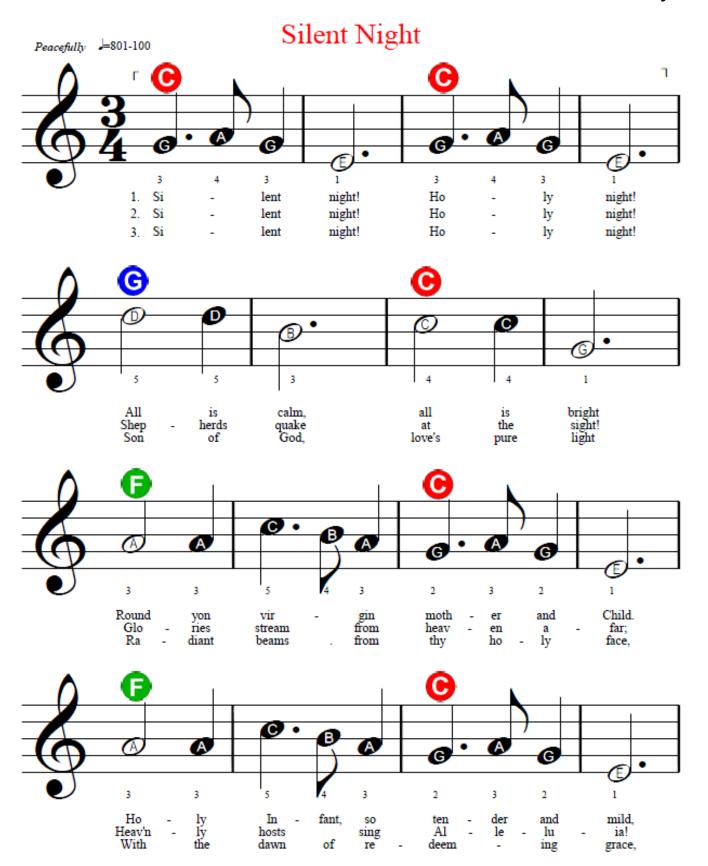
Today we won't learn any new hymns, we will practice **two hymns** that you already know ... but this time playing the chords in their

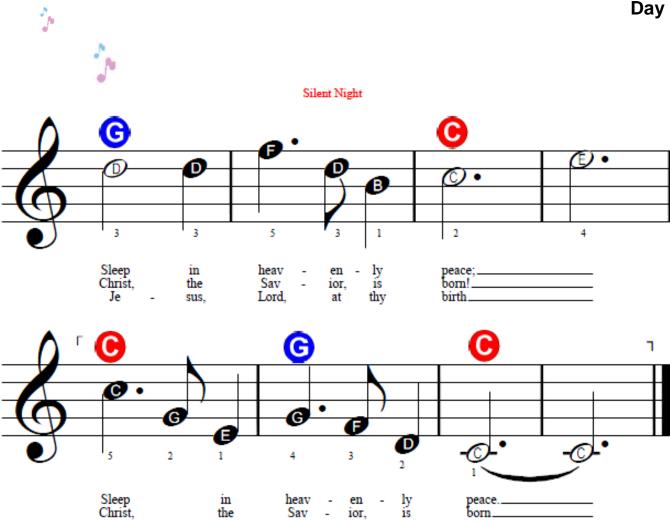
ROOT POSITIONS

- Silent Night (Hymn #204)
- Lord, Dismiss Us With Thy Blessing (Hymn #163)



IT'S EASY !!!!







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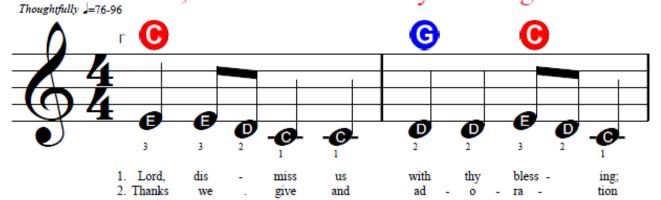
birth.

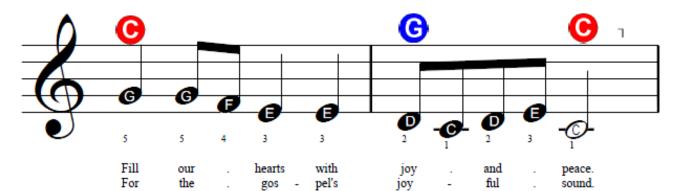
Count out loud and it will belp !!

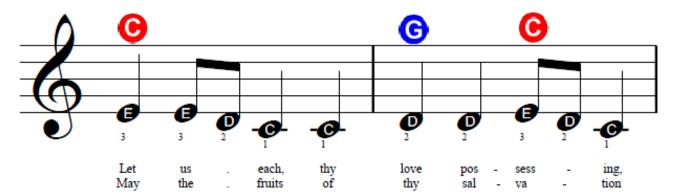


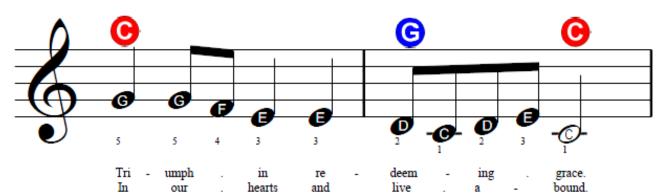


Lord, Dismiss Us with Thy Blessing

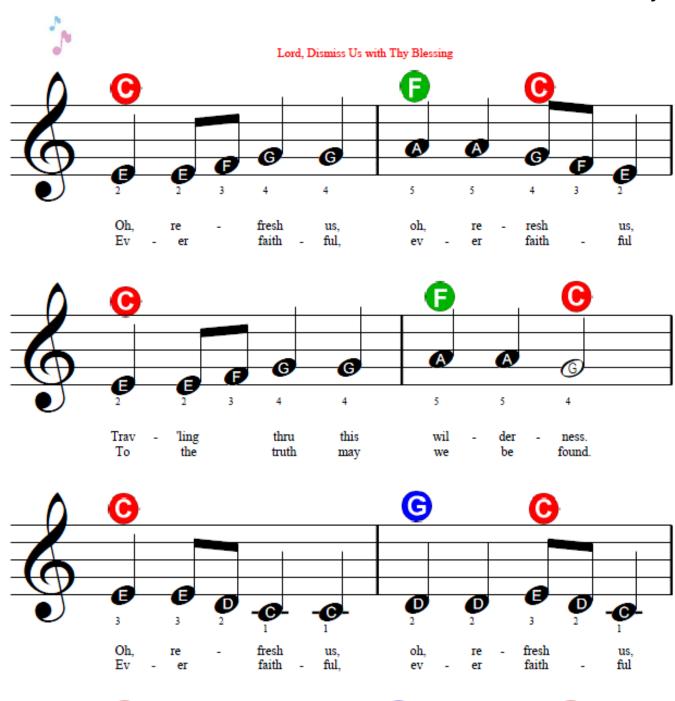


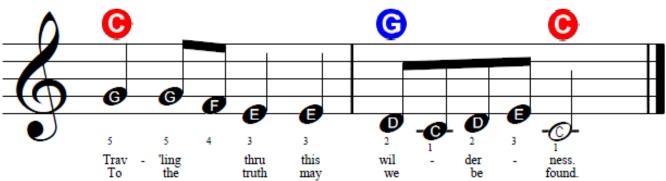






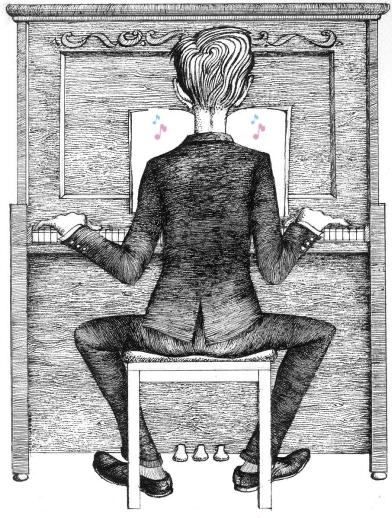






LEARN TO PLAY

IX HYMNS IN SIX DAY



Day Two

How to play the Black Notes

Today's Hymn "Come, Listen to a Prophet's Voice"

Here's what you will learn today!



How to Play the Black Notes

Last week we learned to play some of the WHITE keys

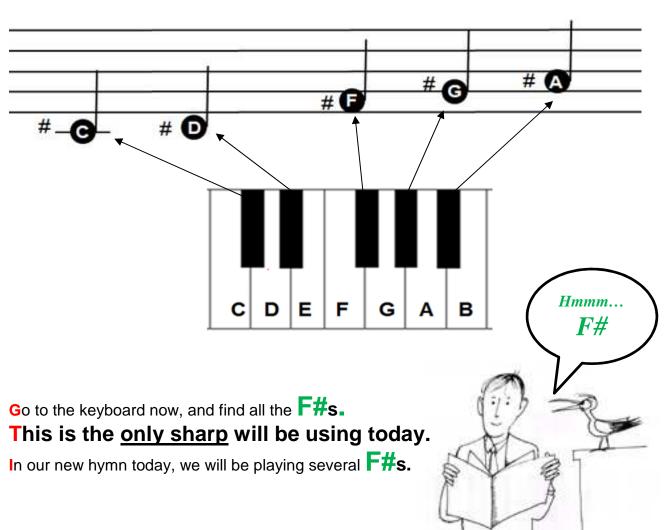
This week we learn to play a couple of the BLACK keys.

In the diagram below,

the **BLACK** key just to the **right** of a **WHITE** key is called a **SHARP**.

On your music, the **sharp** will be shown by a # sign and is placed to the **left** of the note.

For example, the **black note** to the right of **middle C** is called **"C Sharp"** the one to the right of **"D"** is called **"D Sharp"**.... and so forth (we won't need to worry about **E#** nor **B#**).



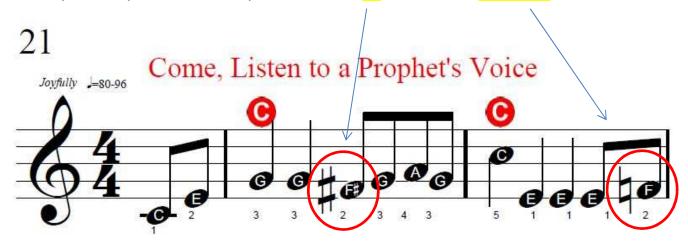
Naturals

Sometimes a hymn will have you play the **F# key** (the black key) instead of the just F. All the F's in the **rest of the measure** are played as **F#**.

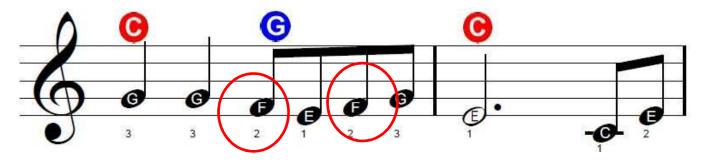
In the **next measure**, the **F** is just play normally ...

When this happens the music sometimes will place a symbol called a "NATURAL" to the <u>left</u> of the note to remind you to switch back and play the <u>F key</u> (the white key).

In our hymn today on the first line you will see the F# and then the F natural.



In the next line it shows a two regular Fs ... so just play the normal F (white note).



So let's learn the new hymn for today ...

HYMN for Today

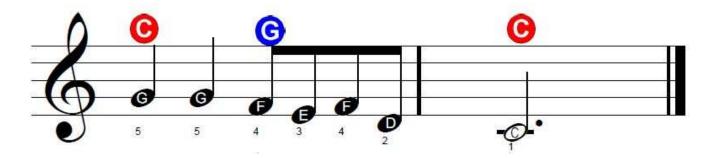
Today we will first learn "Come, Listen to a Prophet's Voice" (Hymn #21).

This hymn has several F#s and F Naturals in the music.

In the <u>last measure</u> of the hymn notice that there isn't a SHARP nor NATURAL sign. Do you play F# or F natural?

Well, if there is nothing shown, then you just play the **regular F key**.

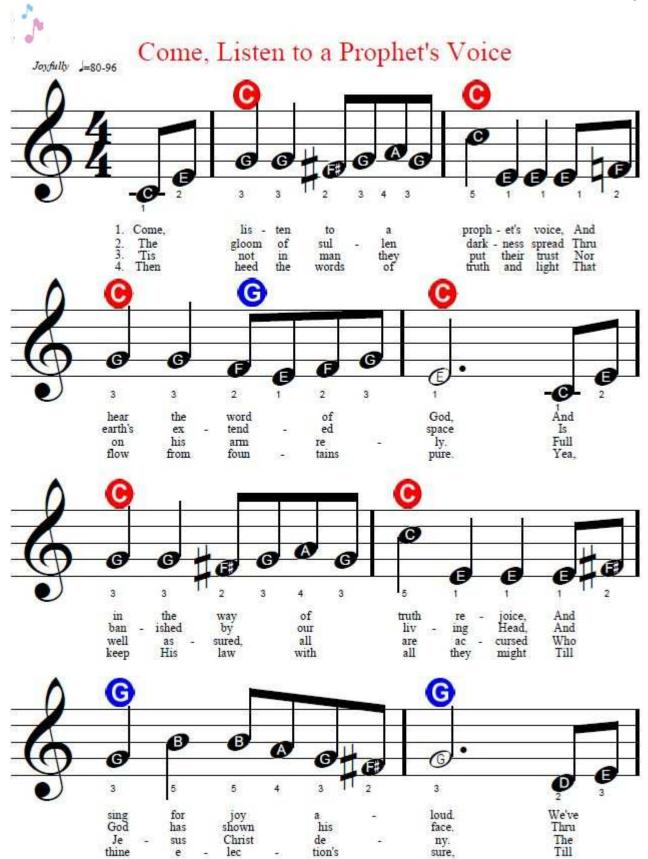
IT's EASY!!

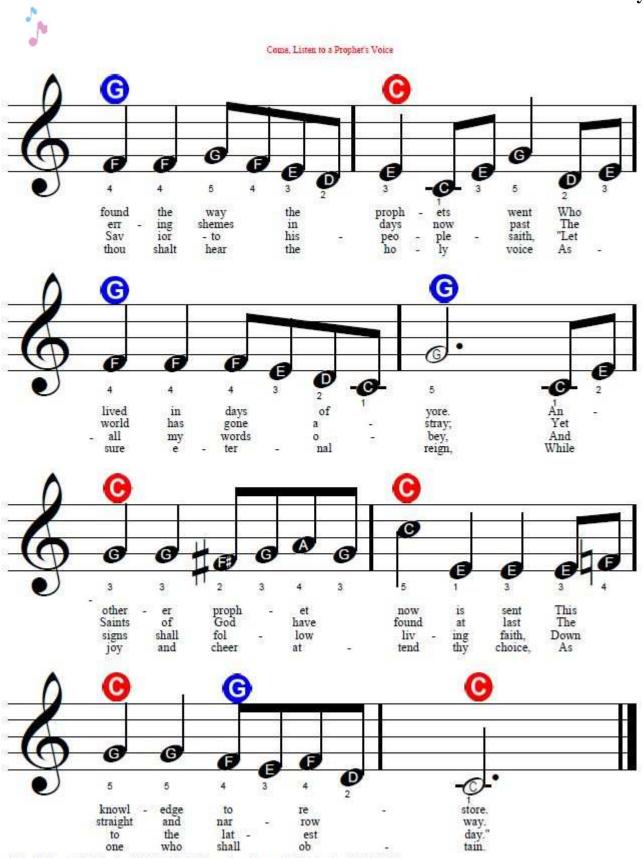




Let's review how to learn this hymn.

- If you just have the **black and white version**, remember to **COLOR** all the Chord Symbols.
- Tap and count the rhythm (do this 3 times).
- Play just the **chords** with the **Left Hand** while counting the rhythm (do this 5 times)
- Play just the **melody** with the **Right Hand** while counting the rhythm (do this 5 times)
- Play both the melody and the chords together. Start slowly and then build up the speed.
- Repeat steps 3, 4, and 5 until the hymn is mastered!



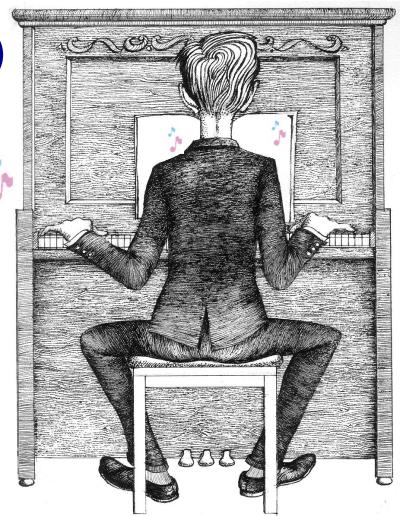


Words: Joseph S. Murdock, 1822-1899. Verse four, Bruce R. McConkie, 1915-1985 Music: Joseph J. Daynes, 1851-1920

Six Hymns in Six Days.Arr: © 2013

LEARN TO PLAY





Day Three

"Key of C" and "Key of G"
Chords for the "Key of G"
Root Positions
"Fun" Exercises

Hymns:

"How Gentle God's Commands"

"How Great the Wisdom and the Love"

Here's what you will learn today!





"Key of C" and "Key of G"

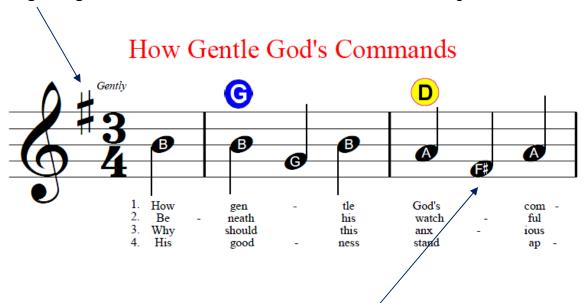


Last week we learned how to play hymns that used just white notes...

This music is written in what they call the *** OF C?*.

When music is written so that **F#** is used throughout the piece it is called in the **66KEY OF G??**.

Instead of placing a **sharp symbol** in front of each **F**, the **sharp symbol** is put at the **beginning of each line** between the treble cleff and the time signature.



In the last measure of the line above there is an **F** ...

but since this hymn is in the "Key of G" you will play an F#.

Today we will be learning the hymn "How Gentle God's Commands" which is written in the Key of G.

You will be able to learn over **130 hymns** and Childre's songs written in just these **two keys**!!





Chords for "KEY of G"

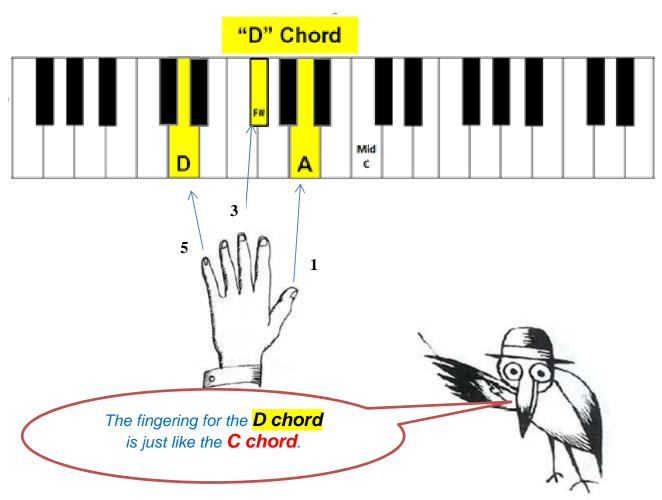
Last week you learned **three chords** for the hymns written in the \mathbb{K} of \mathbb{C} . They were the \mathbb{C} , \mathbb{F} , and \mathbb{G} chords.

This week, we will learn the **three chords** for the hymns written in the **Key of G**. These chords are **G**, **C**, and **D**.

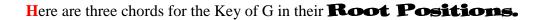
That's right! You already know two of these chords ... the G chord and the C chord !!

Here is the new chord. The keys are **D**, **F#**, and **A** (played with the 5, 3, and 1 fingers).

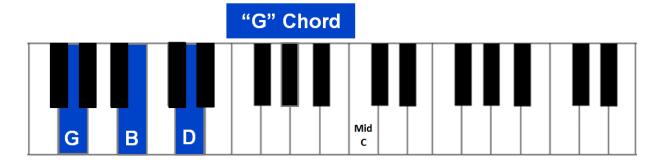
Notice how easy it is to go from one chord to another. I call these the **EASY**? Positions. Later you will learn another way to play these chords.

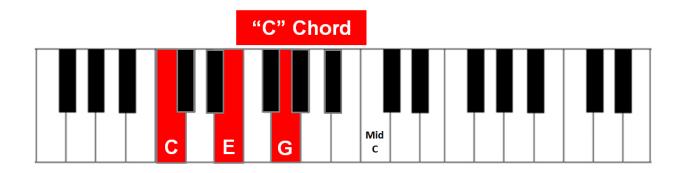


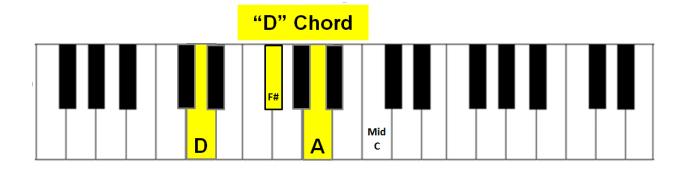
Root Positions for the Key of G







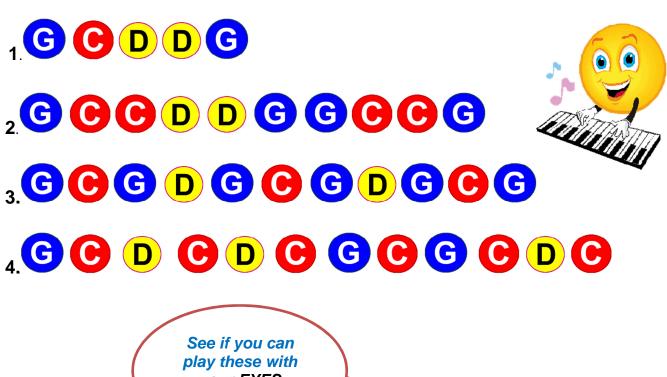




Key of G

"Fun" Exercises

Now go to your keyboard and try playing these chords.



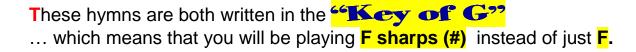
See if you can play these with your EYES closed!!



Today's Hymns

Today we will learn two hymns:

- "How Great the Wisdom and the Love" (Hymn #195)
- "How Gentle God's Commands" (Hymn #125)



Secrets to Learning these Hymns

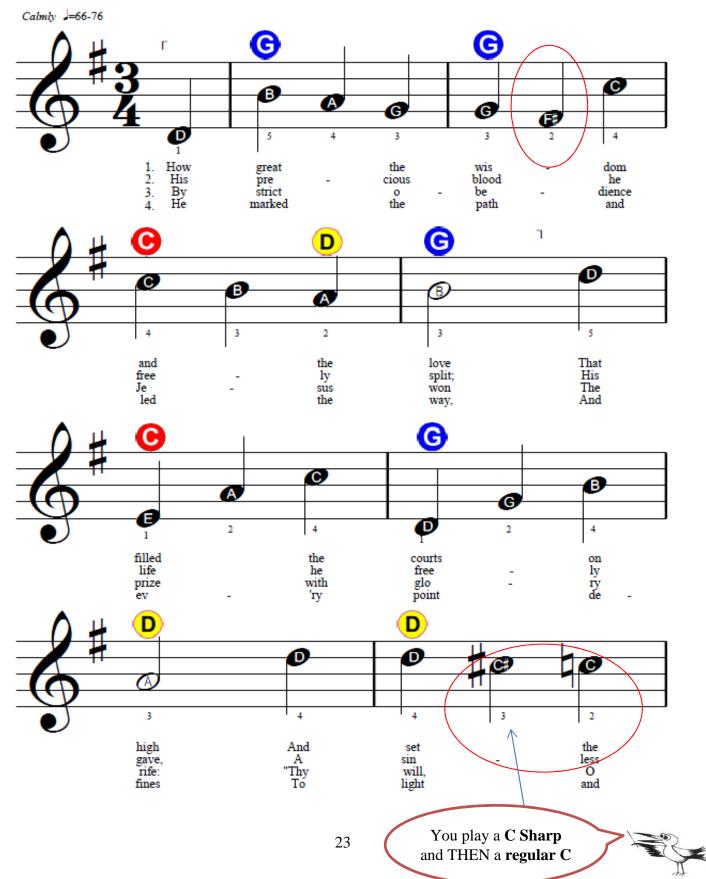
- "How Great the Wisdom and the Love"
 - On the fourth line of the first page, there is a C# and then a C
 natural.
 - o On the second line on the second page there is a fermata.
- "How Gentle God's Commands"
 - Watch out for the F#s.
- Notice that both hymns have a pickup note
- Try practicing each hand by itself
- Count out loud
- Try playing the chords in their 'ROOT' Positions and also the 'EASY' positions.
- Try singing the hymn while you are playing.
- Say the names of the note out loud while playing just the melody.

GOOD LUCK !!!





How Great the Wisdom and the Love





How Great the Wisdom and the Love 0 G 0 B A G 1 3 3 2 Sav ior from sac n fice for God. not mine be life and end less 0 Γ 0 G 5 2 3 To suf fer, bove A guilt, done," ing his dy dorned day Where God's full ٦ 0 0 (3) bleed, die! and world to save. life. mor tal shines. pres ence In mem'ry of the broken flesh We eat the broken bread. And witness with the cup, afresh, Our faith in Christ, our Head.

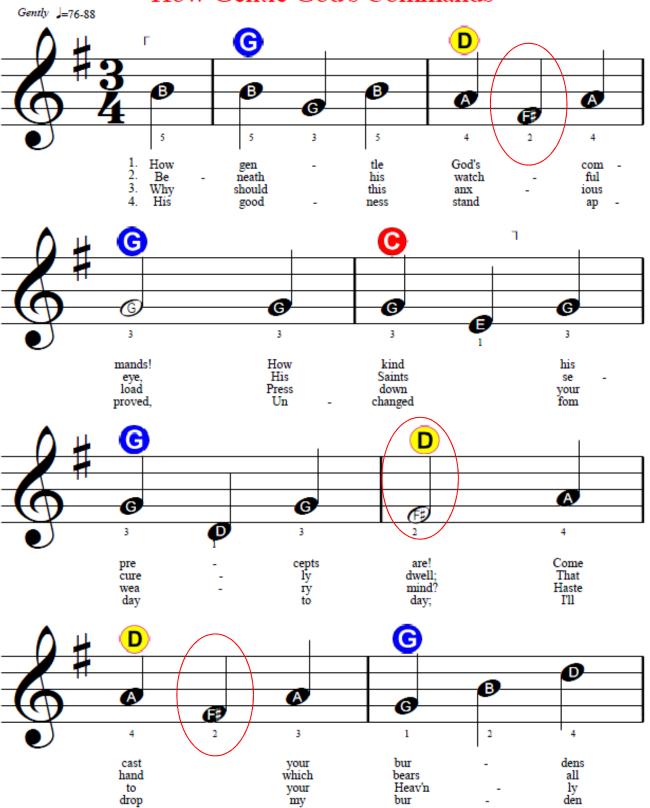
Words: Eliza R. Snow, 1804-1887 Music: Thomas McIntrye, 1833-1914

Six Hymns in Six Days.Arr. © 2013

How great, How glorious, how complete, Redemption's grand design, Where justice, love, and mercy meet In harmony divine!

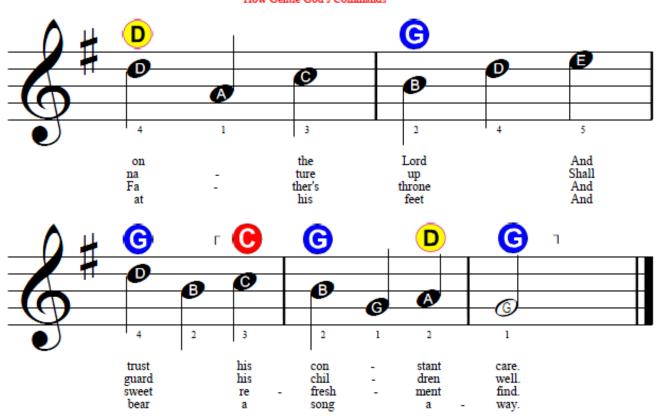


How Gentle God's Commands





How Gentle God's Commands

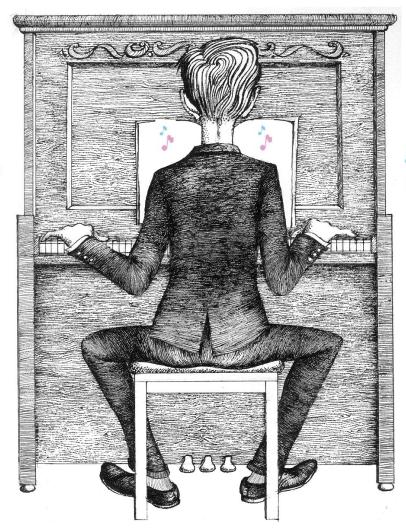


Words: Philip Doddridge, 1702-1751

Music: Hans Georg Nasvli, 1773-1836; arr. by Lowell Mason, 1792-1872

LEARN TO PLAY

IX HYMNS IN SIX DAY



Day Four

Fingering Patterns
Muscle Memory
The Melody

Hymns

"The Spirit of God"
"We Love Thy House, O God"

Here's what you will learn today!





Fingering Patterns



By now you either are using just **one finger** for the melody or you have **challenged** yourself to use all the fingers in your **right hand**.

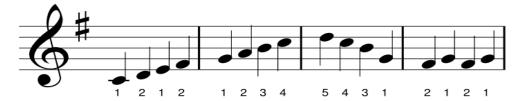
As you will see, I have gone through ALL the hymns and the Children's Songbook songs and put in some suggested fingering. These fingerings ARE ONLY SUGGESTIONS !!! Your hand may be bigger or smaller than mine ... and if so ... you should change the fingering so it works best for you!

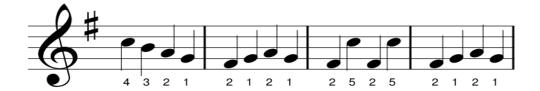
I find that if you use the **SAME fingering** over and over again ... it will help you learn the hymn faster and when you play it it will be much easier.

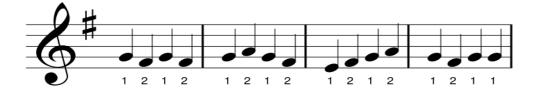
In the **Key of G**, there are a lot of times where you need to play the **F#**. It is sometimes easier to play it with your **SECOND FINGER** rather than your **thumb**.



Try the following exercises. You will be using your **THUMB UNDER** several times too. These exercise will help you with the hymns in the **KEY of G**.











Muscle Memory

Muscle Memorized what the muscles should be doing and you don't have to even think about it.

For example: you probably don't have to look at your shoes when you are tying your shoes when you can do it with out even thinking about it...



This is what you want to be able to do with your **keyboard playing**. You want to be able to just concentrate on the music and **not at your hands**. Even after **50 years** I can still play some of the songs I learned as a child ... my fingers just seem to know where to go!

When you practice try to keep eyes on your music ... let your fingers find the notes.

One thing I love to do is to **play late at night in the dark** ... yes I make a ton of mistakes ... but I can **listen better** to the music and my fingers get trained where to go.

Try it out and see what your think.

By now, the **EASY** chord patterns you learned the first week should be part of your muscle memory.

For Fun:

Go back to some of the hymns you have learned and play the **chords** an **octave** higher than the where your right hand is playing.

See if your left hand can play the chords automatically.

This fun exercise will help with your MUSCLE MEMORY!!



The Melody is the part that the people sing and the part your right hand plays.

If you play your left hand softly and your right hand a little louder you can get a wonderful effect with your music. Listen to it Play is very slowing and smoothly The idea is for you to start learning to play MUSIC and not just **NOTES**.

You should practice playing the **RIGHT HAND** louder than the **LEFT HAND**.

In the "For Fun" exercise you did on the previous page, you played the **CHORDS** an octave higher. While keeping your LEFT HAND way up there ... try playing the **MELODY** an **OCTAVE** lower ... your hands will really be far apart!!

Enjoy your Music ... make it yours Have full with it.

"Today's Hymns"

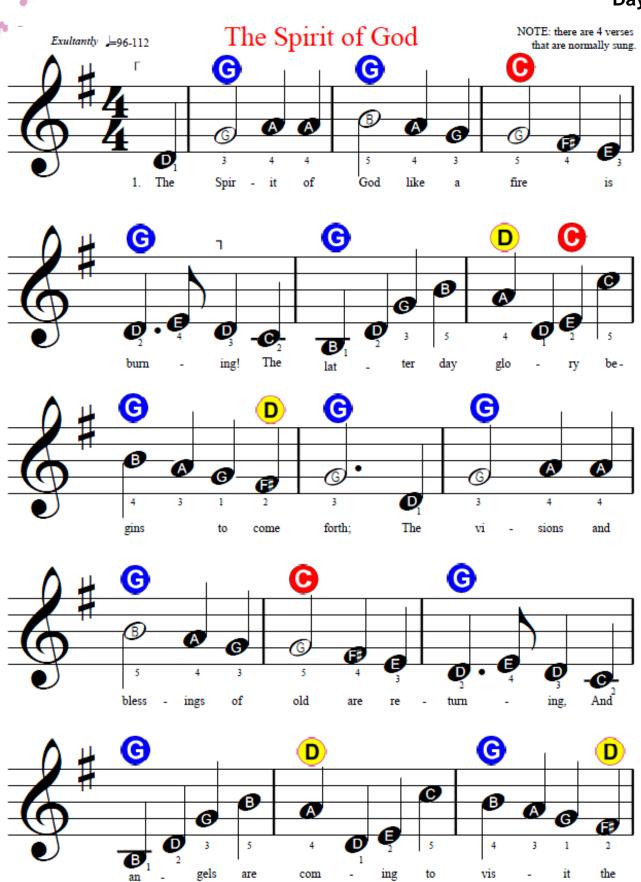
Today we will learn **two hymns**:

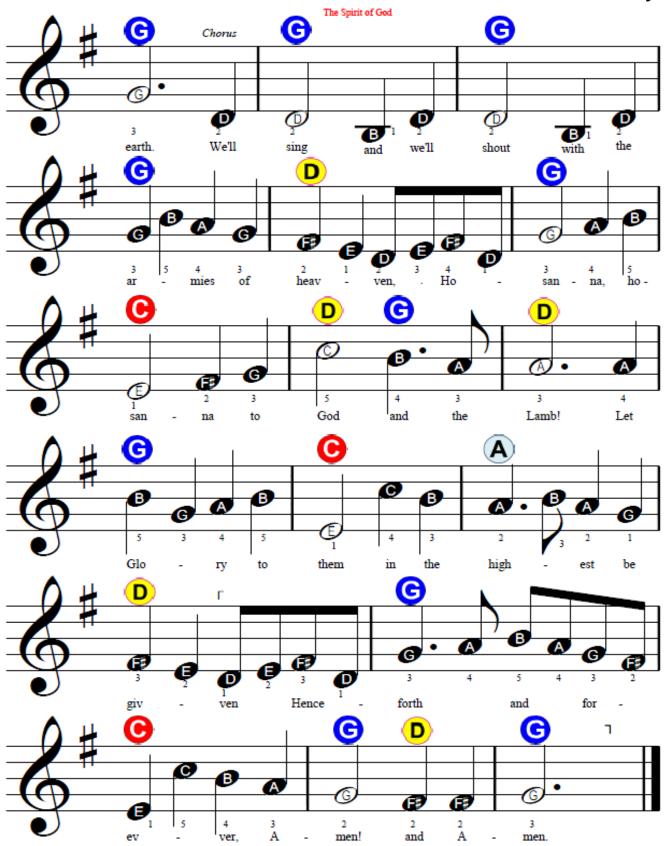
- "The Spirit of God" (Hymn #2)
- "We Love Thy House, O God" (Hymn #247)

In "The Spirit of God", the fingering is a little tricky.

- Go very slowly ... measure by measure ... so that you can do the correct fingering
- Circle the fingering that may give you problems.
- Circle where the introduction brackets are ... there are two sets.
- Try playing just the **CHORDS** first ... and play them at a good speed ... try playing them in the **FASY** positions ... and then in the **ROOT** positions
- As you play the MELODY ... say the names of the notes out loud ... just do the COUNTING.
- Watch for the **DOTTED-QUARTER NOTE** followed by an **EIGHTH** NOTE ... the combination gets two (2) beats.

The second hymn, "We Love Thy House, O God", is in the Key of C and is farly easy.



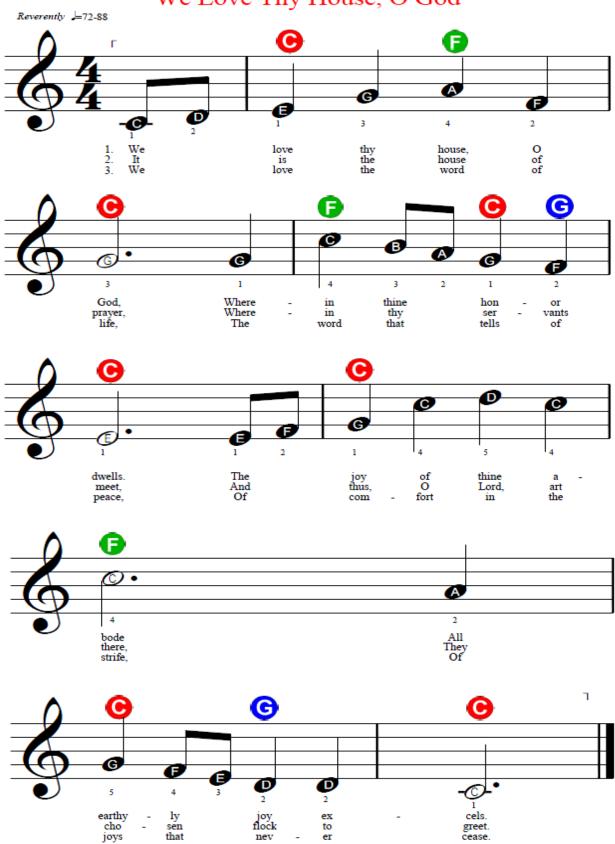


Words: Wm. W. Phelps, 1792-1872 Music: Anon., ca. 1844,

Six Hymns in Six Days.Arr: © 2013

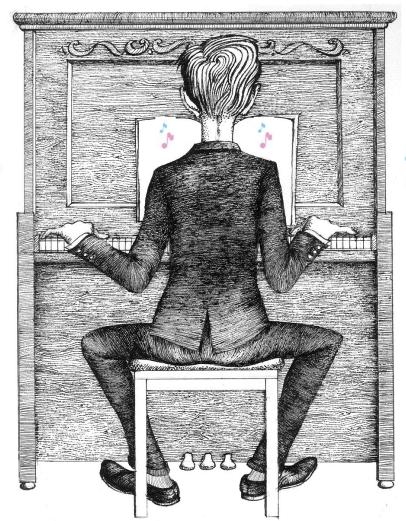


We Love Thy House, O God



LEARN TO PLAY

IX HYMNS IN SIX DAY



Day Five

Wacky World of Chords
D minor Chord
A minor Chord

Hymns

"Abide With Me"
"Praise to the Man"

Here's what you will learn today!





Today we will be learning about the "Wacky World" of chords.

I called this "Wacky" because it may sound hard but it is really EASY!!

The <u>first type</u> of chord is called the **"Najor"** chord.

All the chords you have learned so far are these types of chords (C, D, F, G).

The <u>second type</u> of chord is the "" chord." chord.

The only difference between these two types of chords is the "middle note" of the root chord.

The MAJOR chords seem to have a more *** sound to it ...

while the MINOR chords seem to sound a little "Seed".



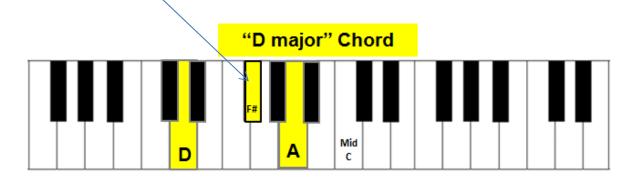
you will be learning the "D minor" chord and the "A minor" chord.



"D minor" Chord

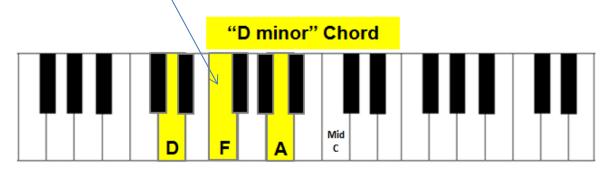
First, play the "D Major" chord in the ROOT POSITION (with D as the bottom note).

The notes are **D**, **F** #, and **A**.



Now let's learn the "D minor" chord.

... just play the "F" note rather than the "F sharp" note.



Play the "**D major**" chord and the "**D minor**" chords over and over ... do you hear something different between the two chords?

The "D major" chord seems to have a more "HAPPY" sound to it ...





The "D major" chord is shown like this:



The "D minor" chord is show with a small letter 'm' next to the D like this:

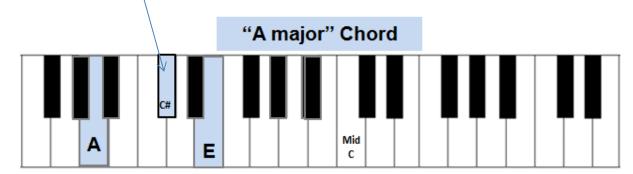




"A minor" Chord

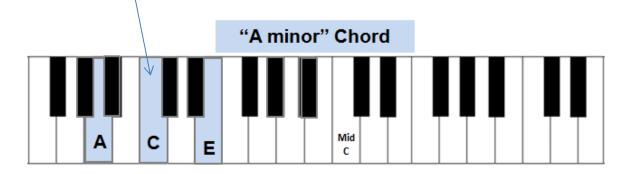
First, play the "A Major" chord in the ROOT position (with A as the bottom note).

The notes are: A, C#, and E.



Now, to play the "A minor" chord ...

just play the "C" note rather than the "C sharp" note.



Play both the chords over and over ... do you hear something different between the two chords?

The "A major" chord seems to have a more "HAPPY"



sound to it.



while the "A minor" sounds a little "sad"





The "A major" chord is shown like this:



The "A minor" chord is show with a small letter 'm' next next to the A like this:





Today's Hymns

Today we will learn **two hymns** that have a **"" minor** chord and a **'A' minor** chord in them.

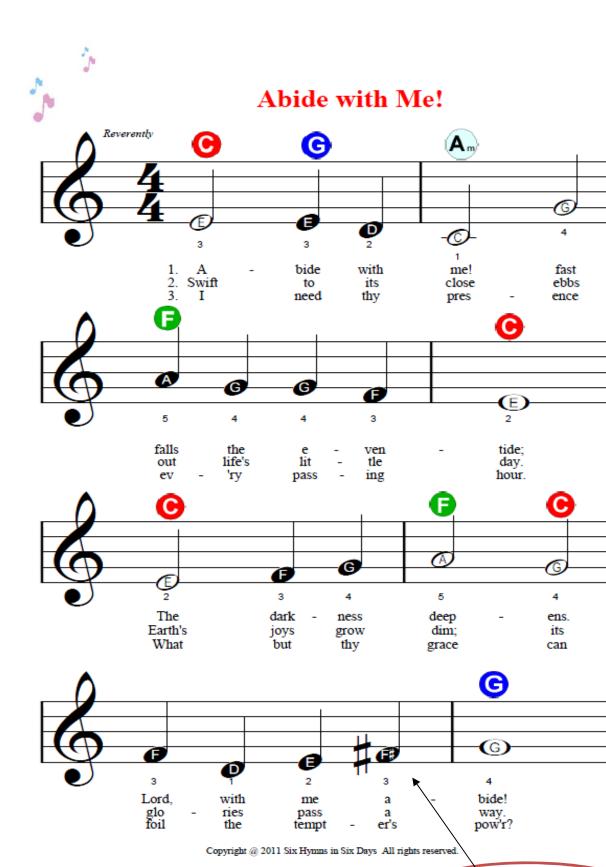
- Hymn #166 "Abide with Me!"
 - o This hymn uses the A minor chord a couple times.
 - Because this hymn is in the Key of C, the F sharp has the # sign in next to the F.
- Hymn #30 "Praise to the Man"
 - o This hymn uses the A minor chord and a fermata ...

Learning Secrets

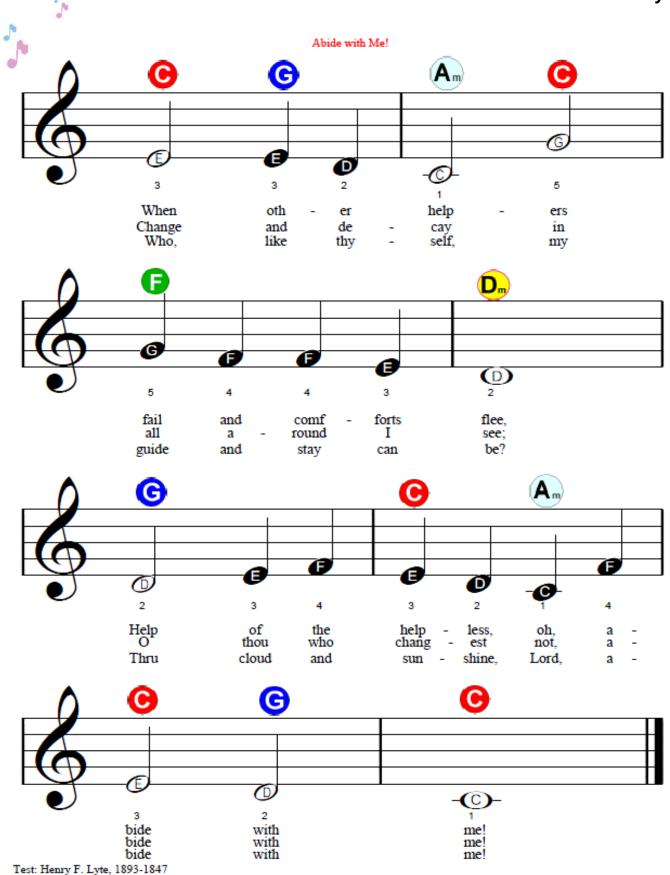
- Remember that the 'D minor' and 'A minor' chords dor
- Find all the **minor chords** before you play the hymn.
- Try playing the chords in their Root Positions and also the 'EASY' positions.
- Try practicing each hand by itself
- Count out loud
- Try singing the hymn while you are playing.
- Say the names of the note out loud while playing just the melody.

Don't worry ... just try simes the hymns when you practice them and it will easy!!





NOTE: in the last line there is an **"F Sharp"**

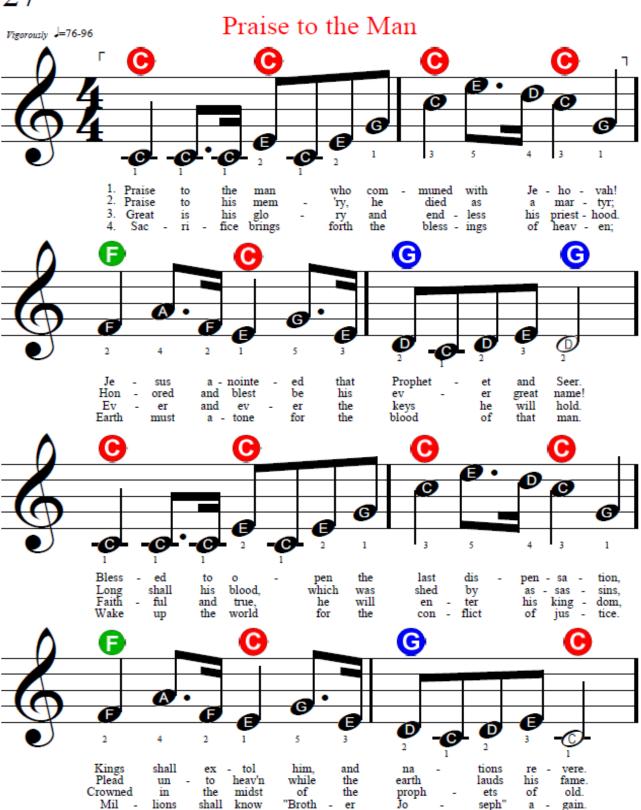


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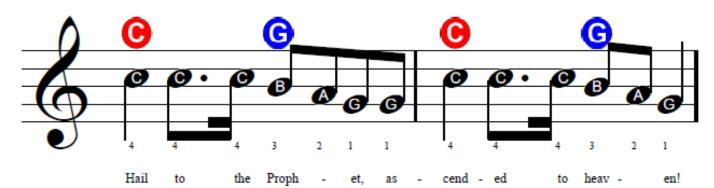
Musie: Willaim H. Monk, 1823-1889

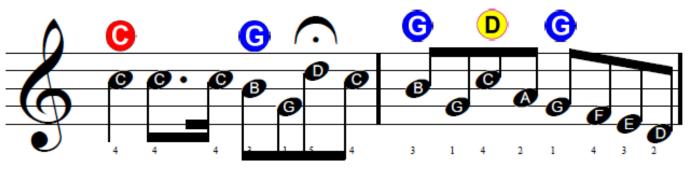
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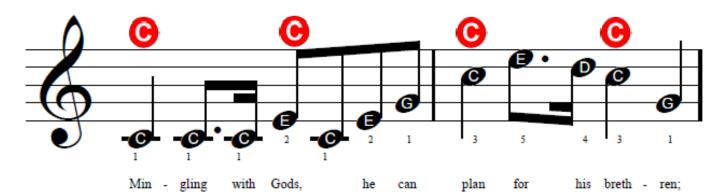


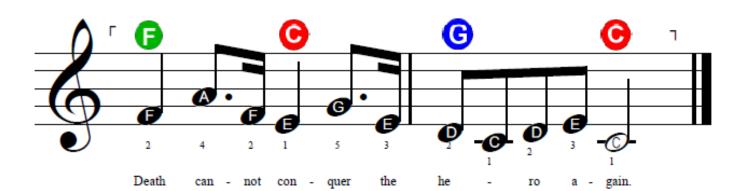
Praise to the Man





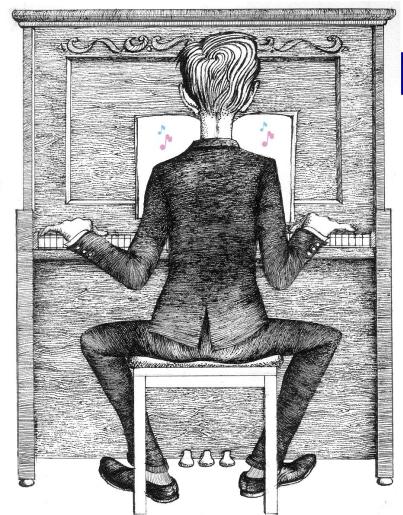
Trai - tors and ty - rants now fight him in vain.





LEARN TO PLAY

IX HYMNS IN SIX DAY



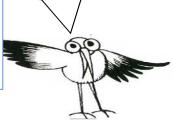
Day Six

New Rhythm: "Triplets"
"Naturals"
'A' minor chord

Today's Hymns:

"More Holiness Give Me"
"Come, Come Ye Saints"

Here's what you will learn today!



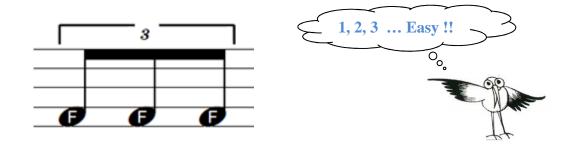


A New Rhythm: "TRIPLETS"

Today we will be learning a **new rhythm pattern**.

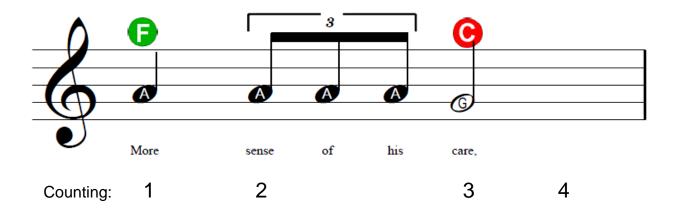
It is called a **"TRIPLET".** It is very easy to play!!

Do you see how the <u>three eighth notes</u> are grouped together and they have a **bracket** over them with the **number "3"** in it?



For this rhythm, these three eighth notes equal one beat (or count).

Today we will learn "More Holiness Give Me" (Hymn #131). Here is a measure from that hymn.



Notice that the second beat of the measure has a triplet...

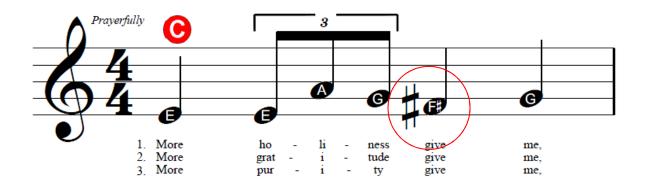
Try clapping or tapping the rhythm for this measure with your hands ...

you will find that it is **very easy to learn!**

Let's look at the first measure of the hymn.



More Holiness Give Me



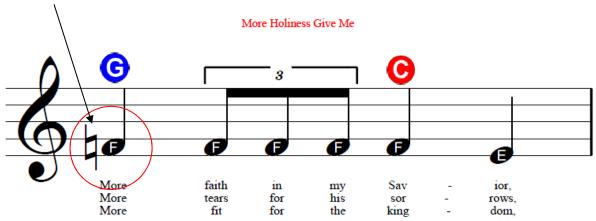
When you come to the **F#**, just play the black note to the **right of the F key**. **Go** to the keyboard and try playing this.

Naturals

Let's review what a Natural is.

Sometime a hymn will have you play the **F# key** (the black key) ... and then it may want you to switch back and play the **F key** (the white key).

When this happens the music will place a symbol called a "NATURAL" to the <u>left</u> of the note. Look at the line below and you will see the <u>NATURAL</u> sign placed to the <u>left</u> of the **F** note.



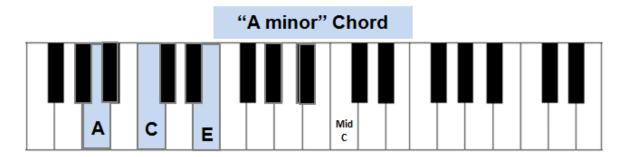
NOTE: once a SHARP or a NATURAL sign is placed to left of a note, all the other notes to the RIGHT of that note in that MEASURE are played the same way.

In the line shown above, all five occurrences of the F note are played as F Natural.

'A' minor Chord

This hymn also has an 'A' minor chord.

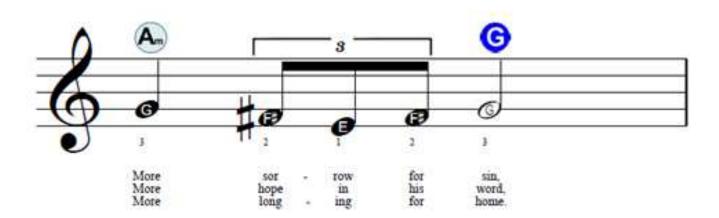
Remeber that it is played by using the notes A, C, and E.



The "A minor" chord is show with a 'small letter m' next to the A like this:



On the fourth line of our hymn today you will be playing this chord.



HYMNS for Today

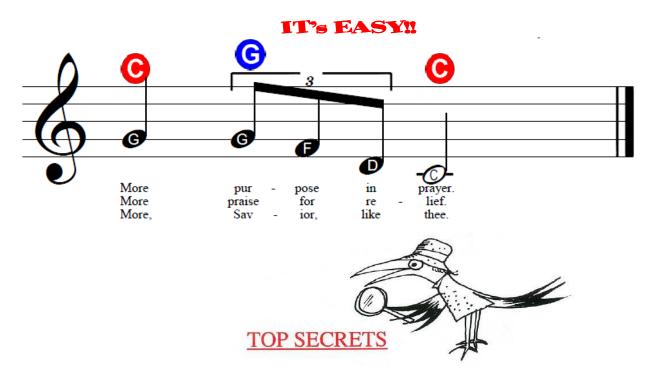
Today we will learn "More Holiness Give Me" (Hymn #131) and "Come, Come Ye Saints".

The first hymn has several F#s in the music, 'Triplets', and a 'A' minor chord .

In the <u>last measure</u> of the hymn notice that there isn't a SHARP nor NATURAL sign.

Do you play F# or F natural?

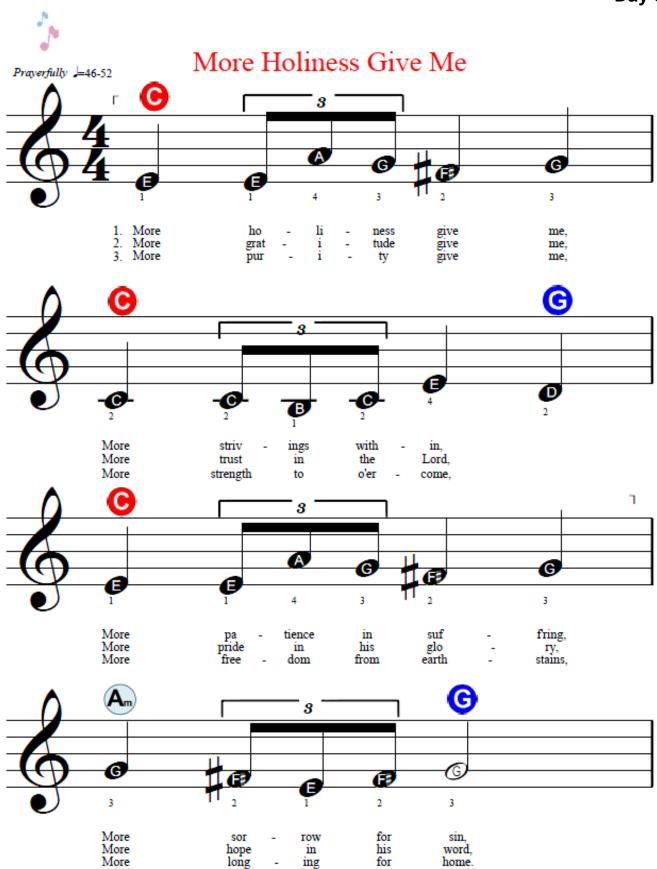
Well, if there is nothing shown, then you just play the **regular F key**.

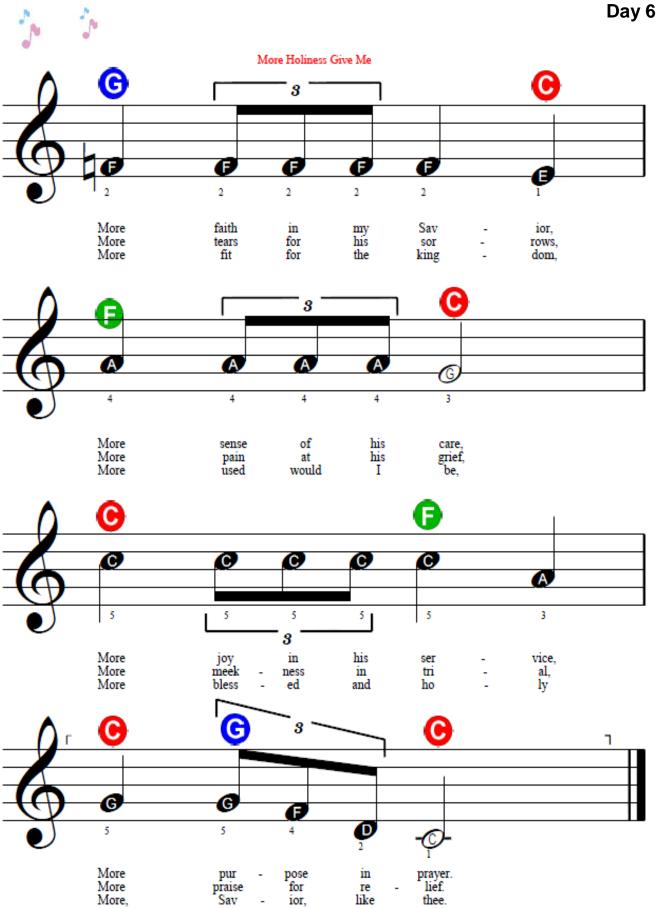


Let's review how to learn this hymn.

- If you just have the **black and white version**, remember to **COLOR** all the Chord Symbols.
- Tap and count the rhythm (do this 3 times).
- Play just the chords with the Left Hand while counting the rhythm (do this 5 times)
- Play just the melody with the Right Hand while counting the rhythm (do this 5 times)
- Play both the melody and the chords together. Start slowly and then build up the speed.
- Repeat steps 3, 4, and 5 until the hymn is mastered!

Some other hymns that have a F# include: "Now Let Us Rejoice", "O God, the Eternal Father", "He Died! The Great Redeemer Died", and "Onward, Christian Soldiers".



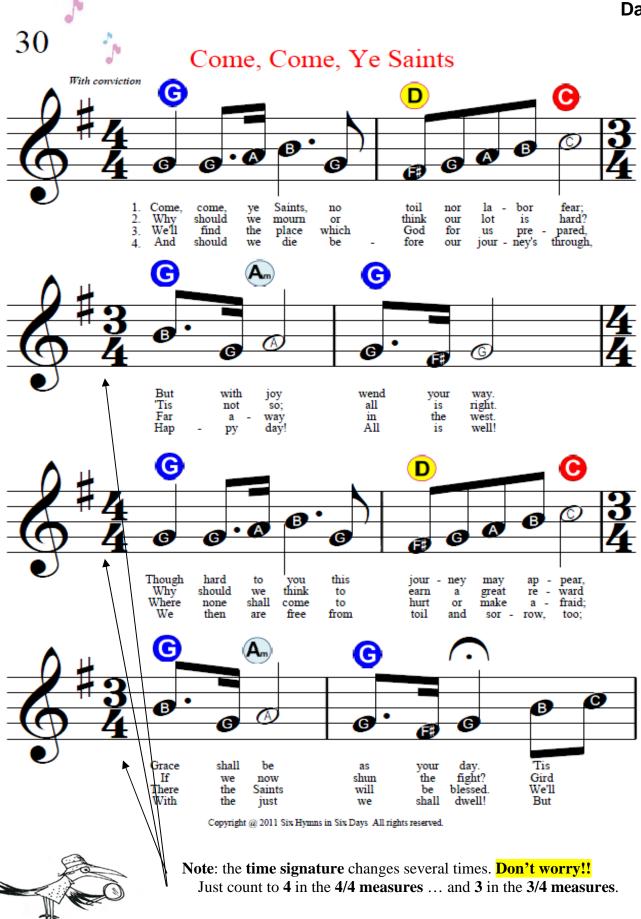


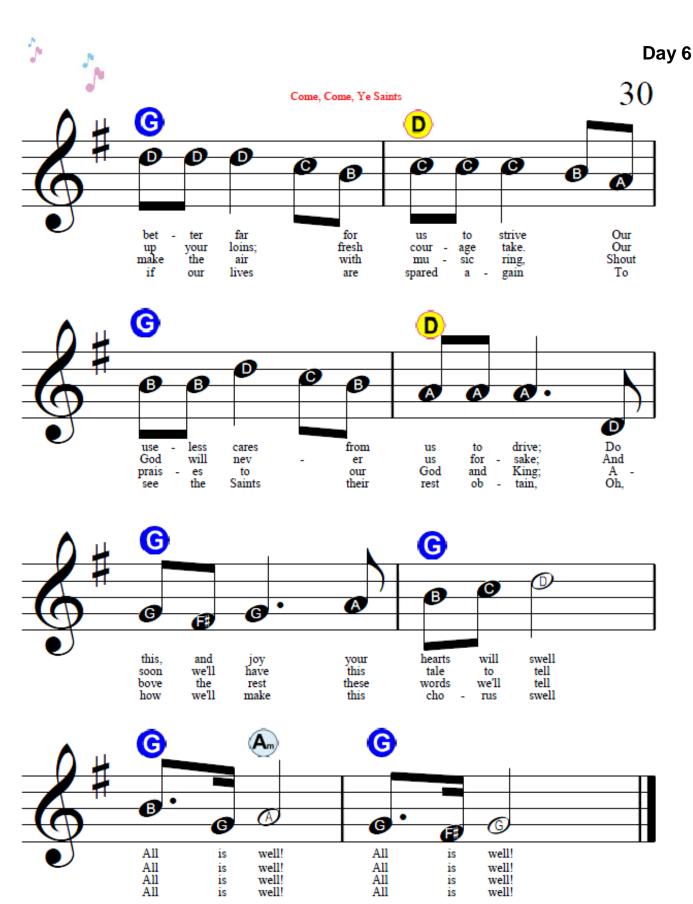
ior,

like

thee.

More,



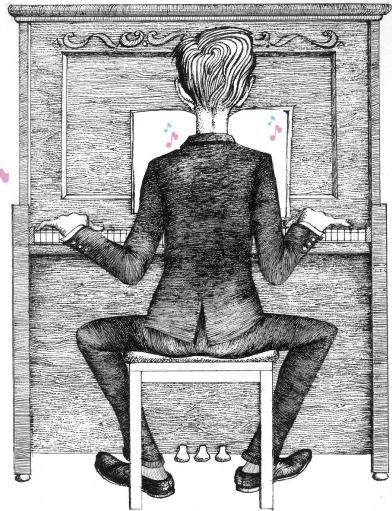


Words: William Clayton, 1814-1879 Music: English folk song

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LEARN TO PLAY





Day Seven

Variations for the Left Hand How to Play Prelude/Postlude Music How to Accompany Soloists How to be More Creative Hymns (from the Web)

Here's what you will learn today!





Variations for the Left Hand

You should now be fairly comfortable with playing the chords in the **left hand**.

Now comes the fun and creative part of music ©

Today we will explore different ways of playing the left hand chords and different simple arrangments for playing the hymns for prelude and postlude music.

Lets start off by looking at the **left hand**.

We have been just playing **simple chords** or just **single notes** in the left hand to make this as **casy** as possible.

We have learned how to play the chords in the **Root Positions** and the **Easy Positions**.

There are some additional very **simple** and **easy** things you can do that will make the music sound even better!!

These **new SIX Variations** will give you additional 'tools' for your 'music tool box' when you are playing the music.

Try each variation on the same hymn and see which ones you like best.





Variation #1: - Rollingthe Chords

Instead of playing the notes in the chords all at one time ... play the **bottom note** first, then the **middle one**, and then the **top one**. This is called 'rolling' the chords. Try experimenting by doing this slowing and then more quickly.

Variation #2: - Bottom Note and then Top Two Notes

In hymns in **3/4 time**, play the **bottom note on COUNT ONE** and the **other two notes on COUNTS TWO and THREE**. Hold the bottom note down as you are playing the other two notes. In **4/4 time**, play the bottom note on the **COUNT ONE** ... and the other two notes on **COUNT THREE**.

Variation #3: - Play OCTAVES in the Left Hand

Rather than playing the chords, just play the **bottom note of the chord with your thumb and use your little finger to play the note which is an octave lower**. This provides more depth in the sound of the music. (Note: your hand may not be large enough to do this.)

Variation #4 - Play OCTAVES then the chord

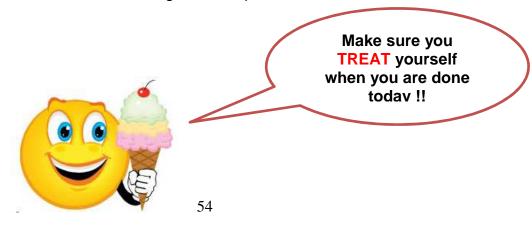
As in option #3, play an octave on **BEAT ONE**, and then the chord on the other beats.

Variation #5 - Alternate playing notes

Play the bottom note, then top note, then middle note, then top note ... then repeat the sequence. This works great for hymns written in **4/4 time.**

Variation #6 - Chords on every beat

Some hymns have a 'strong beat' to them ... kind of like marching songs. For these types of hymns you can play the chord **on each count** ... to give the feeling of a drum beat. Sometimes this is best used on the last verse of a hymn to have the music build to a climax. 'Onward Christian Soldiers' would be a good example of this.





How to Play Prelude and Postlude Music

Before a meeting begins, the **prelude music** can set a good feeling for the meeting. The following are a few suggestions that I have used over the years to make the prelude and postlude music most effective.

Suggestion #1 - Play the hymns softly and slowing

Play the hymn slowing, softly and include pauses at different places. This will helps the congregation to ponder the music and receive the spirit.



Suggestion #2 - Play the hymns that will be sung in the meeting

By playing these hymns, it **embeds** into the minds and hearts of the congregation the hymns



and their meanings into their hearts. It prepares them for when they will be singing. It is kind of like an 'overture' that is done in plays and in operas. It is a preview of what is to come. This is also an excellent way to also practice the hymn slowing before you have to play it with the congregation singing.

Suggestion #3 - Play the hymn in different octaves

Play the hymn at its normal position ... then move both hands **an octave higher** and play it again ... this time playing it **very softly and lightly**. Now to be really creative, leave your left hand where it is and play the melody an octave below it. This means you have to cross your right hand and arm over your left one. **This provides for a great effect!!**

Suggestion #4 - Repeat phrases an octave higher

A musical phrase (a couple of measures) is kind of like a sentence ... play the phrase ... then play the same phrase an octave higher ... then come back to the orginal hand positions.

Suggestion #5 – Start an octave higher, then go lower, then return higher

Start playing the hymn very softly an **octave or two octaves higher**. Play it slowing and quietly ... then start to **build the volume** and begin to play in the normal place ...give it a little more emphasis ... then reduce the volume and tempo and finish by playing an octave higher.

Suggestion #6 - Utilize the keyboard ability to change keys

Some organs and sythisizers have the ability to **change the KEY** that you are playing in. Play the hymn in the normal KEY and then move the knob to change the KEY ... you will be playing the same notes but the sound will be in either a higher or lower key.

Suggestion #7 – Play just the melody

Melodies are very powerful! Play just the melody by itself for a couple of lines and then add the **left hand**.

How to Accompany Soloists



Many times you may be asked to play for someone as they sing or play a musical instrument.

I find it very helpful **NOT to play the melody but just the chords**. You can play the chords in both hands ... or just part of the chords by each hand.

This allows the other musician to speed up or slow down while they are playing the **melody**. Your introduction could include the melody ... but once they start singing just use the chord variations options as explained above.







How to Become More Creative

Music is not just playing the notes on the page ... it is getting a little of yourself spread out all over the keyboards which reflects your feelings and thoughts and emotions.

BUT ... how do I learn how to do this???

I have found that one of the best ways is to **practice late at night** **Turn off all the lights** ... and just sit down and play ... don't worry about making any mistakes ... **just FEEL the music** ... play the music **soft and lovingly** .. then play it **hard and fast** as if you were mad ... then pretend it is a love song ... do you catch the vision??

Start forgetting about the notes and keys ... **close your eyes** and let your heart teach you how to play. This is a great way too for learning where the notes are on the keyboard so that it becomes just muscle memory.



Whatever you do ... have fun with it .. and enjoy it !!!

Hymns

The church's web site has all the hymns recorded on it. Get out your music and play along with it ... HOWEVER .. don't play on the piano ... pretend you are playing but use the kitchen table, your lap, or close the cover over the keyboard and play on it.

YOU WILL NEVER HIT A WRONG NOTE!!

This will help you get the right rhythm for the hymn.

Here is the web link: http://www.lds.org/music/text/hymns

There are no **new hymns** today

just go back over the hymns you have already learned and try to apply some of the **suggestions** we have gone over.

Day 7



"Final Thoughts"

Congratulations!!!!!

You have finished WEEK TWO !!

Music is a gift from God. He gives us talents in order that we may share them with others.

Don't ever give up!

It is never too late to learn! The Lord will bless and keep you as you show your faith in this great work!!

I would **love** to hear from you on how you are doing ... and what improvements / suggestions you might have.
Please email me at **sixhymns@hotmail.com**

Now that you **completed Week Two**, it is important to continue to practice **each day!!** Make sure you review each hymn you have learned. Try to learn a new hymn each day. You might even try to **MEMORIZE** them !!!

Finally ... try **teaching** this course to others ... it will help you **learn faster** and it will bless the lives of many others. There will be also **separate instructional videos** for each hymn where I will **personally teach** you how to **play each one**!!

There are over additional 130+ hymns and Children Songbook songs available on my web site that are specially arranged in this style (www.GrandpaDave.com).

There are **four (4) different versions** you can select from:

- In **COLOR** with the **note names** inside the notes
- In COLOR with just the plain notes
- In **BLACK/WHITE** with the **note names** inside notes
- In BLACK/WHITE with just the plain notes

And remember ...

**It's Easy !!!'

